



HRSA Advisory Council on Blood Stem Cell Transplantation



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The Regulatory Requirements

Federal Register / Vol. 72, No. 10 / Wednesday, January 17, 2007

"For use in unrelated allogeneic recipients. These HCT/Ps are regulated as biological products under section 351 of the PHS Act (21 CFR 1271.20)."

Guidance for Industry; October 2009

Minimally Manipulated, Unrelated Allogeneic Placental/Umbilical Cord Blood Intended for Hematopoietic Reconstitution for Specified Indications

Guidance for Industry; March 2014

Biologics License Applications for Minimally Manipulated, Unrelated Allogeneic Placental/Umbilical Cord Blood Intended for Hematopoietic and Immunologic Reconstitution in Patients with Disorders Affecting the Hematopoietic System

CORD BLOOD PROGRAM

The Regulatory Requirements

- FDA Guidance for License: October 2009; March 2014
- FDA Guidance for IND: June 2011; March 2014

HPC, Cord Blood: Hematopoietic Progenitor Cells, Cord Blood: minimally manipulated CB product

Manufacturing: all steps from collection to release of product to search

Licensed product: "prescription" drug with specific indications

IND product: "investigational"; requires IRB approved consent for use





Process Validation

Stability Studies, Product Expiration

Media Fill Validation

Laboratory Assays Validations

IT Systems Validations

Equipment Qualifications

Facility, Environmental Monitoring, Supplies

Packaging, Labeling

Product Batch Record

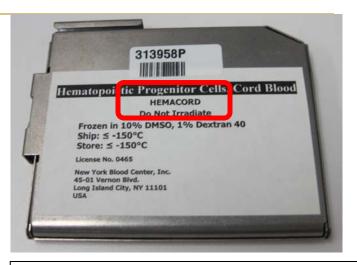
Quality Unit for Product Review and Release

.....and many others.....

The work

Example: Stability Evaluation - Label Apply Criteria Annually

Test	Purpose	Stability- Indicating
Visual Inspection after thawing	Determine Integrity of container / closures and Identity Label	Integrity, Identity
Total nucleated cell (TNC) count	Measure TNC content	Potency
Viable CD34+ cell content	Measure CD34+ cell number and viability	Potency
Colony-Forming Units (CFU)	Count CFU - functional progenitor cells	Potency
Microbiology	Detect microbial contamination	Integrity, Purity, Safety



HEMATOPOIETIC PROGENITOR CELLS, CORD BLOOD

HEMACORD

Injectable Suspension

HEMACORD ID: 123456P NDC 76489-001-01

RECIPIENT: Last, First SEARCH ID: 11111

TNC/kg: 2.3 x 10⁷

HLA match with recipient: one B locus mismatch

(HLA matching is assigned countdering low resolution typing for HLA class LA and B loci, and high resolution typing for HLA DRB Lalleles.)

For Intravenous Administration Only

For Intravenous Administration Only

Do Not Irradiate

Rx only

Cryopreservative (concentration): DMSO (10%) / Dextran 40 (1%)

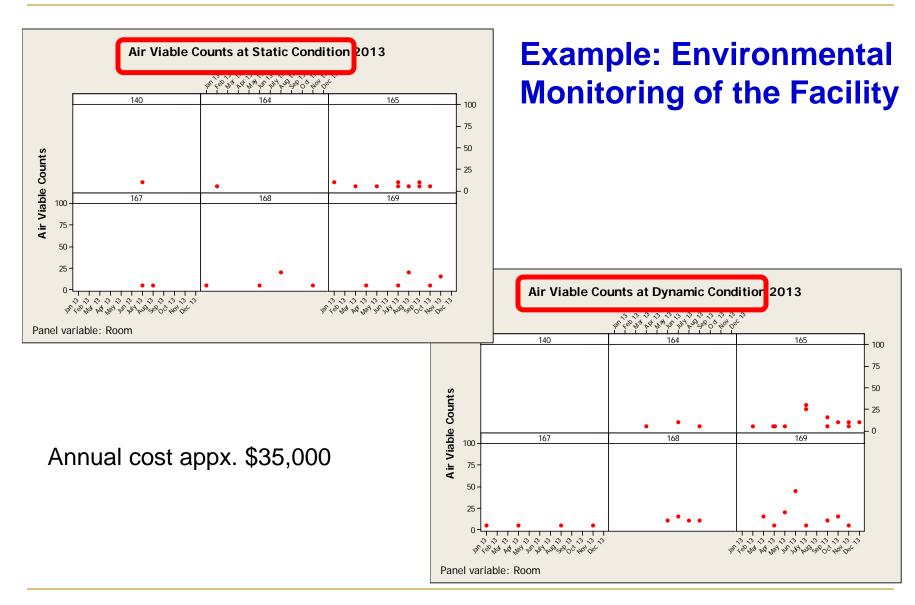
Volume: Approx. 25 mL

Storage: < - 150°C

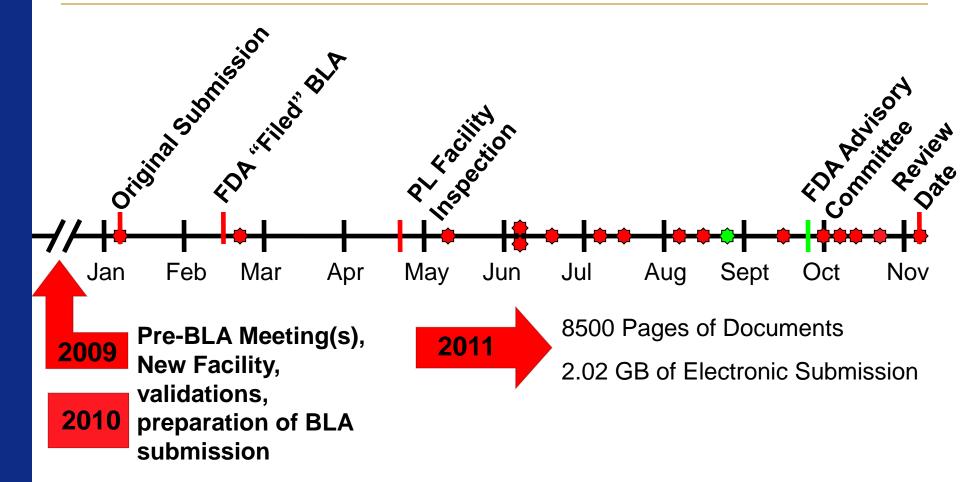
Expiration Date: 10/11/2020

Product Expiration Date

The work



The Time: Biologics License Timeline - NCBP



- Amendments Completed; Package Insert
- Advisory Committee Briefing Book Submission

Nov. 10, 2011

HEMACORD

(hematopoietic progenitor cells, cord blood)

The aim



Biologics License

The goal is for ALL banked CB units to be of consistent high Quality, and to have reliable Identity, Safety, Purity and Potency, so that there will be maximum Safety and Efficacy at Transplant

The challenges



CB Licensure: benefits

Cord Blood Banks

Regulatory oversight and guidance
Quality Systems in Manufacturing and Testing
Consistently safer, high quality products
Close Monitoring of Adverse Events

Transplant Community

Experience with and easier/faster access to high quality HPC-C products Enhanced safety of transplant procedures More patients can benefit from the treatment

NCBP presentation: Cellular, Tissue and Gene Therapies Advisory Committee Meeting, Sep. 22, 2011





CB Licensure: challenges

Cord Blood Banks

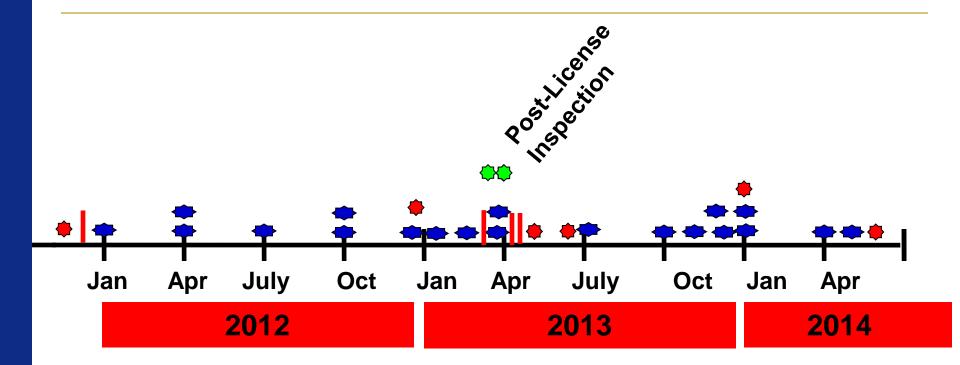
Substantially Increased Costs of:

Documentation - Facilities - Operations - Personnel
Testing - Equipment

Licensure will be beneficial for the transplant community if it contributes to broader utilization of the higher quality HPC, Cord Blood products

NCBP presentation: Cellular, Tissue and Gene Therapies Advisory Committee Meeting, Sep. 22, 2011

The Time: Events after License - NCBP



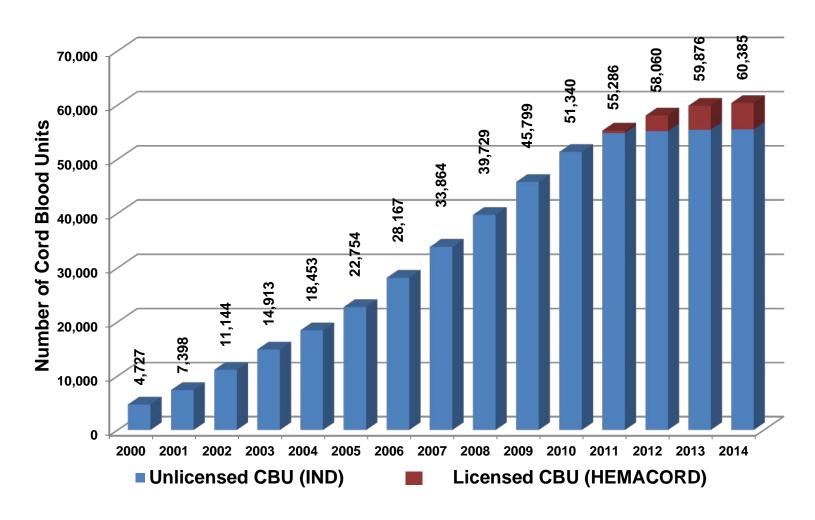
- Amendments
- License-related Reports (PAER, Distribution, Annual, Events)
- Post-License FDA inspection
- Package Insert and Label submissions/revisions

Maintaining the License is an ongoing process..



The current NCBP Search Inventory

Investigational and Licensed CB products







 CB Banks are using all (limited) resources to meet FDA Requirements – increased cost of Banking – higher cost of CB products

NCBP CBU price (2008): \$35,000

NCBP IND CBU (2012): \$42,500

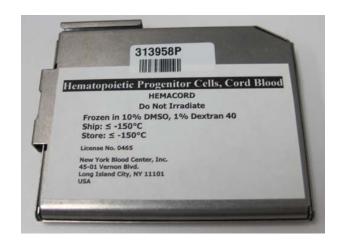
HEMACORD CBU: \$45,000

- As a result of changes related to cost and higher TNC at collection, the CB Inventory is growing at a lower rate – the decreased growth affects primarily the licensed products
- Overall, utilization of CB products for transplantation is decreasing, at the same time when the clinical results are improving



FDA-licensed CB products

Will we be using them to their full potential?



HRSA subsidy covers part of the cost of the NCBI CBU – still, provides important revenue for the CB Banks

Increases in HRSA subsidy will impact significantly the future inventory and the sustainability of the CB Banks

Increased funding is needed